

CHAPTER I

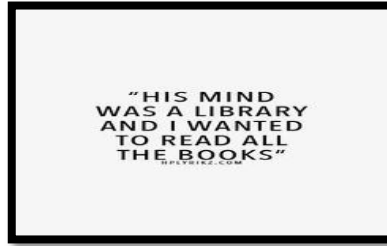
INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background of the Research

Metaphor is a figure of speech which makes an implicit comparison between two ideas, things, or objects which have some common characteristics. In addition, Nordquist in Agustina (2016, p.6) stated that metaphor is a figure of speech in which an implied comparison is made between two different things that actually have something important in common. It can be said that, metaphor is a resemblance of two contradictory objects or ideas is made based on some common characteristics. According to Ullman (1962, p.78), metaphor is based on the same kind of similarity or common features. It can be said that metaphor is an expression of comparing one thing to another which has the same characteristics.

Similarly, Kovecses (2010, p.4) stated that metaphor is figure of speech which one thing compared to another by saying that one is the other. It implies a comparison between the two different entities. It means that it describes one thing in terms of another. It can be seen from example given by Kovecses, *health is up, sick is down*. It can be said this expression indicates that when people feel well people are on their feet, they can do many activities and when people are ill they are more likely to be lying down. Another example:

(1) Figure 1. Example of Metaphor



Source : <https://www.pinterest.com/pin/121104677454972765/>

From the quote (1), it can be seen that a metaphor used in quote. The word *his mind was a library* is the metaphor. This is concrete to abstract metaphor since it transfers the abstract thing which is *his mind* into the concrete one which is *a library*. The function at shortening the language used since the author wants to convey that his mind is full of knowledge.

People use metaphor to express one thing to another thing. It is a way to describe something in different way, and it is used to express the feeling in a new way or even entertaining others. However, metaphor cannot be meant literally. According to Fromklin (1993, p.152), metaphor is such non literal interpretations of sentences. It can be said that metaphor cannot be taken literally since it means something else. In other words, the meaning of metaphor cannot be translated literally.

Metaphor is one of figurative language. According to Saeed (2009, p.358), metaphor is figurative language. In addition, Leech (1981, p.11) has classified figurative language into seven types. The seven types of figurative language are hyperbole, irony, metaphor, metonymy, litotes, simile, and personification. It is a figure of speech which are quite common used in both the fiction and non-fiction. Moreover, Saeed (2009, p.358) stated that metaphor is somewhat like simile, but metaphor goes deeper by the implicit meaning which is transferred from one

concept to another. It means that even though there is similarity lies between the two, metaphor is deeper in the terms of meaning.

Figurative language is used in any form of communication, such as in daily conversation, advertisement in television, newspaper, magazines, articles, novel, poems, and *etc.* Figurative language aims to beautify the literary work and make people interested to read the literary work. It is because figurative language has the essence of style and beauty. It also stimulates the readers in the way of thinking. In addition, figurative language is also a medium to support the thought of people.

People tend to use metaphor in their process of thinking. Metaphors as linguistic expressions are possible precisely because there are metaphors in a person's conceptual system (Lakoff and Johnson 1980, p.6). It can be said that metaphorical expression exists in people's mind. In addition, according to Lakoff and Johnson (1980, p.6), human thought processes are largely metaphorical. On the other hand, Lakoff and Johnson (1980, p.6) have expressed a similar view that ways of viewing events, activities, emotions, ideas, etc., are conceptualized as entities and substances which give rise to metaphors.

People use metaphor to express something which cannot be said literally. They use metaphor to say one term in terms of another. Therefore, it is a new way to express people's ideas. Metaphor is often found in literary works, such as novel, poem, short story. According to Suwarli (2014), metaphor can be found in poem, novel, and song. Similarly, many quotes contain of metaphor. It aims at making the quotes more interesting and entertaining the readers.

Therefore, the writer is interested in analyzing the metaphorical expression in English quotes because people tend to use metaphor in daily communications such as flirting and many people like reading the english quotes that can express their feelings. It is important to be discussed about in order to give awareness and understanding to the readers about metaphor since it cannot be meant and translated literally.

1.2 Identification of the Problems

There are many problems can be seen in this research. There are many figurative of speech in English quotes. The writer only focuses on metaphor. Metaphor can be found in novels, poem, short stories, films and other. In this research, the writer focuses to find out the types of metaphor and the functions of metaphor found in English quotes.

1.3 Limitation of Problems

In this research, the writer analyzes one of figurative language which is metaphor in English quotes. The writer focuses types and functions of metaphor. Novels, short stories, other literary works can be analyzed using metaphor but in this research, English quotes will be used as the data sources.

1.4 Research Questions

The writer has conducted two research questions. The two research questions as follows:

1. What are the types of metaphors in English quotes?
2. What are the functions of metaphors in English quotes?

1.5 The Purpose of the Research

There are two purposes of the research, they are:

1. To find the types of metaphors in English quotes.
2. To find the functions of metaphors in English quotes.

1.6 Significance of the Research

The significance of this research is about what the writer hopes to do in this research related to improve someone's knowledge. The writer hopes that this research can enrich reader's knowledge about figurative language, one of them is metaphor discussed in this research, focusing on types and functions of metaphor. The writer also hopes that this research helps the readers to be able to interpret the context. In addition, the writer hopes that this research gives contributions to the next researchers.