

**PENGARUH *GOOD CORPORATE GOVERNANCE* DAN *FINANCIAL DISTRESS* TERHADAP KONSERVATISME AKUNTANSI (STUDI EMPIRIS PERUSAHAAN JASA SEKTOR KEUANGAN YANG TERDAFTAR DI BEI TAHUN 2016-2018)**

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**Abstrak**

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menguji pengaruh *Corporate Governance* dan *Financial Distress* sebagai variabel independen terhadap Konservatisme Akuntansi sebagai variabel dependen. Indikator *Corporate Governance* yang digunakan dalam penelitian yaitu Kepemilikan Manajerial, Kepemilikan Institusional, Proporsi Dewan Komisaris Independen, Komite Audit. Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah seluruh perusahaan jasa sektor keuangan yang terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia tahun 2016-2018. Karena tidak semua perusahaan memiliki data yang lengkap dan dinyatakan dalam rupiah, maka hanya 87 perusahaan yang berpartisipasi dalam penelitian ini. Metode analisis data dalam penelitian ini menggunakan model regresi linear berganda. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan kepemilikan manajerial berpengaruh negatif terhadap konservatisme akuntansi. Kepemilikan institusional berpengaruh positif terhadap konservatisme akuntansi. Proporsi dewan komisaris independen tidak berpengaruh terhadap konservatisme akuntansi. Komite audit tidak berpengaruh terhadap konservatisme akuntansi. *Financial distress* berpengaruh positif terhadap konservatisme akuntansi.

**Kata kunci** : Konservatisme Akuntansi, Kepemilikan Manajerial, Kepemilikan Institusional, Proporsi Dewan Komisaris, Komite Audit, *Financial Distress*

**THE EFFECT OF GOOD CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND  
FINANCIAL DISTRESS ON ACCOUNTING CONSERVATISM  
(EMPIRICAL STUDY OF FINANCIAL SECTOR SERVICES  
REGISTERED ON BEI 2016-2018)**

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**Abstract**

This study aims to examine the effect of corporate governance and financial distress as independent variables on accounting conservatism as the dependent variable. Corporate Governance indicators used in the study are Managerial Ownership, Institutional Ownership, Proportion of the Independent Commissioner, and Audit Committee. The population in this study were all financial sector service companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange in 2016-2018. Because not all companies have complete data and are expressed in rupiah, only 87 companies participated in this study. The method of data analysis in this study uses multiple linear regression models. The results showed Managerial ownership has a negative effect on accounting conservatism. Institutional ownership has a positive effect on accounting conservatism. The proportion of independent commissioners has no effect on accounting conservatism. The audit committee has no effect on accounting conservatism. Financial distress has a positive effect on accounting conservatism.

**Keywords :** Accounting Conservatism, Managerial Ownership, Institutional Ownership, Proportion of the Board of Commissioners, Audit Committee, Financial Distress